

B. F. TAYLOR,  
Stevedore.  
Lighters and Steam Launches  
Supplied.  
ILOILO, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

ESTABLISHED 1881.

THE UNITED ASBESTOS  
ORIENTAL AGENCY.  
Sole Agents for the  
UNITED ASBESTOS CO.,  
LIMITED, LONDON.  
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,  
General Managers.

NEW SERIES NO. 1907. 日三初月七十二精光

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1901.

五拜禮 號六十月八英港香

THIRTY DOLLARS  
PER ANNUM.

## Banks.

### YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Yen 24,000,000  
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... 18,000,000  
CAPITAL UNCALLED ..... 6,000,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... 8,310,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies.

TOKIO ..... KOBE .....  
NAGASAKI ..... LONDON .....  
LYONS ..... NEW YORK .....  
SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU .....  
BOMBAY ..... SHANGHAI .....  
TIENTIN ..... NEWCHWANG .....  
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD. ....  
PARKS' BANK, LTD. ....  
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, LTD. ....

HONGKONG BRANCH.—INTEREST ALLOWED:  
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.  
per Annum on the Daily Balance.  
On fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent.  
" " " 4 "  
" 3 " 3 "

TARO HODSUMI,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1901. [11]

### IMPERIAL BANK OF CHINA.

ESTABLISHED BY IMPERIAL DECREE  
OF THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1896.

Shanghai Taels.  
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... 5,000,000  
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... 2,500,000

Head Office—SHANGHAI.

Branches and Agencies.

CANTON ..... PEKING .....  
CHEFOO ..... PENANG .....  
CHINKING ..... SINGAPORE .....  
CHUNKING ..... TIENSIN .....  
HANKOW .....  
T HE BANK purchases and receives for collection Bills of Exchange drawn on the above places, and Sends Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers Payable at its Branches and Agencies.

HONGKONG BRANCH.  
Advances made on approved securities.  
Bills discounted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.  
3% per Annum. Fixed Deposits for 3 months  
" " " 12 "  
" " " 12 " E. W. RUTTER,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1901. [14]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,  
LIMITED.

Authorised Capital ..... 1,000,000  
Paid up Capital ..... 434,374

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Board of Directors—  
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. | C. Ewens, Esq.  
Chow Tung Shang, Esq. | J. T. Lauts, Esq.  
Chief Manager, GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months Fixed ..... 5%  
Hongkong, 20th December, 1899. [15]

## Intimations.

### LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
A LARGE CONSIGNMENT  
OF  
AMERICAN BOOTS

IN  
TAN CALF, BLACK CALF & GLACE KID,  
WITH  
SQUARE, MEDIUM AND POINTED TOES,

ALSO

PATENT COURT SHOES  
AND  
SHOOTING BOOTS.

An Inspection is invited.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, 10th August, 1901. [732c]

Fr. BLUNCK,

SILK LACE MANUFACTURER  
AND  
EMBROIDERER.

17, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

MANUFACTURER  
and  
RETAILER.

16th July, 1901. [715c]



### DEWAR'S PERTH WHISKIES.

SUPPLIED BY  
ROYAL WARRANT TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

SPECIAL, EXTRA SPECIAL,  
WHITE LABEL.

SOLE AGENTS:

H. PRICE & Co.,

12, QUEEN'S ROAD, [30]

Hongkong, 15th August, 1901.

## Intimations.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... \$10,000,000  
RESERVE FUND—  
Sterling Reserve ..... \$10,000,000  
Silver Reserve ..... \$ 3,000,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIORS. \$10,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

R. SHEWAN, Esq., Chairman.

A. Haupt, Esq.

D. M. Moses, Esq. | N. A. Siebs, Esq.

A. J. Raymond, Esq. | H. W. Slade, Esq.

R. L. Richardson, Esq. | H. E. Tomkins, Esq.

H. Schubart, Esq. | Paul Witkowski, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong—Sir THOMAS JACKSON.

MANAGER:

Shanghai—H. M. BEVIS, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY  
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:

On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.  
per Annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 3 months, 3% per cent. per annum.

For 6 months, 3½ per cent. per annum.

For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum.

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 4th June, 1901. [19]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

The Business of the above Bank is conducted  
by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be  
obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3% PER  
CENT. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option  
balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND  
SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED  
DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION,

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 4th October, 1900. [10]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,  
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... \$800,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-  
HOLDERS ..... \$800,000

RESERVE FUND ..... \$575,000

INTEREST ALLOWED on CURRENT  
ACCOUNT at the rate of 2 per cent. per  
annum on the daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months, 4 per cent.

" " " 6 " 3 "

" " " 3 " 24 " T. H. WHITEHEAD,

Manager.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1901. [35]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

Board of Directors—

Chan Kit Shan, Esq. | C. Ewens, Esq.  
Chow Tung Shang, Esq. | J. T. Lauts, Esq.

Chief Manager, GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months Fixed ..... 5%  
Hongkong, 20th December, 1899. [15]

PORTLAND CEMENT.

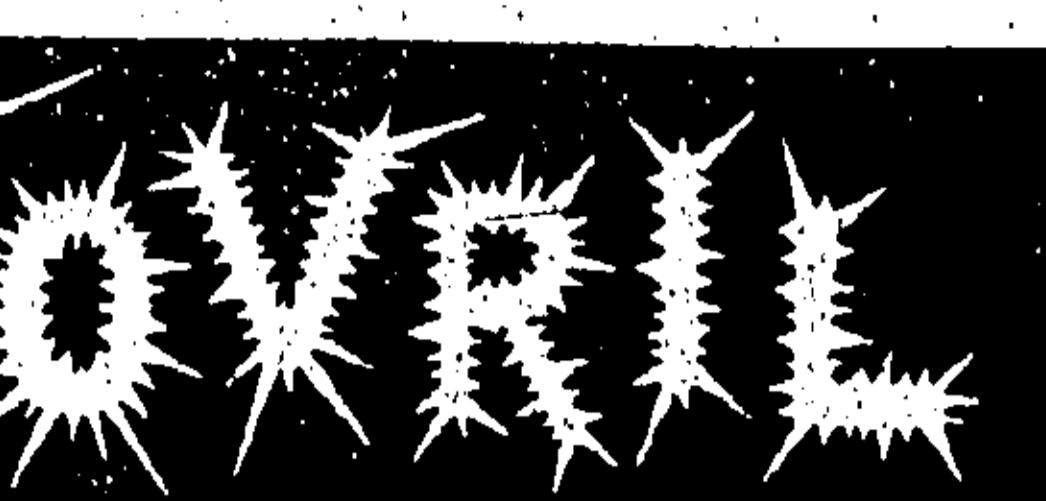
\$5.50 p. Cask of 375 lbs. Net ex Factory.

\$3.30 p. Bag of 250 lbs.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1901. [10]



BOVRIL PROMOTES HEALTH,  
STRENGTH AND ENERGY.

## UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LIMITED.

SOLE AGENTS IN  
HONGKONG, CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS,  
FOR THE  
UNITED ASBESTOS CO., LTD., LONDON,  
CONTRACTORS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Best Qualities of ASBESTOS GOODS and PACKINGS.

HYDRAULIC and SELF LUBRICATING PUMP PACKINGS, of all kinds.

ASBESTOS SALAMANDER BOILER COVERING COMPOSITION of the best qualities.

ESTIMATES given for every DESCRIPTION of WORK.

CHIEF SUPERINTENDENT ..... THOMAS SKINNER.

SUPERINTENDENT ..... ARCHIBALD RITCHIE.

17] DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, General Managers.

STEAMERS.

## Mails.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

(10)

FOR STEAMERS	CAPTAINS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI	Parramatta	R. T. Cook, R.N.R.	Daylight, 17th Aug. Freight or Passage.
LONDON, &c.	Coromandel	F. W. Vibert, R.N.R.	Noon, 17th Aug. Freight or Passage.
KOBE	Pekin	F. J. Fox	About 17th Aug. Freight only.
SHANGHAI	Nankin	C. J. Benton, R.N.R.	About 21st Aug. Freight only.
YOKOHAMA	Formosa	B. H. W. Snow	About 26th Aug. Freight or Passage.
MARSEILLE	Banca	E. P. Martin, R.N.R.	About 7th Sept. Freight only.
and LONDON			(See Special Advertisement.)
			† (Passing through the Inland Sea).
			† Vid SHANGHAI and KOBE.

For Further Particulars, apply to

Hongkong, 16th August, 1901.

H. A. RITCHIE, Superintendent.

[15]

## IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

### NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

#### HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

(10)

STEAM FOR	
SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA,	
ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG;	
PORTS IN THE LEVANTE, BLACK SEA AND BALTIK PORTS;	
ALSO	
LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON,	
AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS;	
Steamers will call at SOUTHAMPTON to land Passengers and Luggage.	
N.B.—Cargo can be taken on through Bills of Lading for the Principal Places in Russia.	

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.



**HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.**

apparent. Prince Tuan and Tung Fushiang, the chief protagonists of the drama, are at large and said to be plotting insurrection in the North-west. Kang Yi is said to have died and Yu Hsien (who ordered the murder of missionaries at Tai-yuen) to have been executed, though a shadow of doubt hangs over their fate. The Empress' favourite eunuchs, Li Lien-ying, Lu Chun-Lin, and Yung Lu are all at Siang-an with Prince Ching and Li Hung-chang at Peking to complete the bouquet! . . . Yet it is to these very men that we are invited to look for reorganization and to evolve order out of chaos! The unexpected happens continually in China; but truly we fail to realize by what magic influence the sov'ren is to be transformed into a silk purse by this means? So much for the political transformation which might conceivably have been effected if there had been present in the council of the Powers a dominant personality who knew the Chinese as well as his own mind, and if there had been a willingness to subordinate rivalries and jealousies to considerations of the common weal. But political questions in China can wait; dynasties have become extinct before, and disappeared when they had dreed their weird; the integral character of the provincial administration suffices for purposes of government in the meantime. (2) What can less easily wait is the question of finance. China has resources, if they could be made available; but time is required to accomplish reforms as well as to develop mines, and the eagles are impatient. It has been proposed to abolish the pensions to which every Manchu is held entitled in virtue of his descent, and to abolish the privilege in virtue of which Manchu officials obtain fast posts without having to go through the same examination as Chinese. Are the Manchu members of the Court grouped round the Empress Dowager likely to promote the change? It has been proposed to commute the rice tribute due annually by the provinces to Peking, which not only constitutes a highly wasteful form of remittance but affords facilities for indefinite peculation on the part of all concerned. It has been proposed to regulate the salt system, respecting which the Chinese themselves say that all the bamboo grown in China would be insufficient to describe the inquiries involved. It has been proposed to abolish the native customs offices which exist still, even at Treaty Ports, and to merge them in the so called Foreign Customs under the control of Sir Robert Hart. What likelihood is there of such changes—changes destructive, if he remarked, "of opportunities"—being inaugurated by the reactionaries who in 1893 suppressed the Emperor because he was a reformer? Is it surprising that we had, instead, a proposal to double the Customs tariff, a proposition which has the deliciously humorous characteristic—from the Chinese point of view—of making foreigners recoup the indemnities out of their own trade; and, from the point of view of non-commercial European Powers, of placing on the nation which does two thirds of the trade a burden from which they would themselves largely escape? Even the proposal to revise specific values fixed forty years ago, in order to make them represent effectively the five per cent. contemplated in the Treaty of Tientsin is open to the contention that if we conscientiously admit the justice of restoring the treaty tariff, the Chinese should be required to fulfil certain other treaty obligations—respecting, for instance, inland transit and conservancy of rivers—which they have so far practically ignored; and we are glad to learn from Lord Cranbourne's reply, last week, to Mr. Verburgh that that view is being diplomatically sustained. A proposal to appropriate Tls. 10,000,000 from Liukin to the service of the indemnity has also its humorous side: for it amounts, from the Mandarin point of view, to riveting on trade a tax against which foreigners are never weary of protesting, and which is so contradictory of reform that a Chinese merchant lately described the suggestion as an ingenious play by which the officials would extort Tls. 20,000,000 for their own pockets besides the Tls. 10,000,000 primarily in view. Reviewing in the last mail number of the *North China Herald*, the Imperial Edict issued in pursuance of Article 10 of the Preliminaries of Peace, the Rev. Arnold Foster lays stress on an incidental phrase: "When a case is lost, the cunning run away, but the simpleminded suffer the penalty;" as summing up with delightful irony the whole situation created by the recent events; and we are content to adopt the phrase as eminently descriptive of the present state of affairs.

After pointing out (in the course of an address delivered a few days ago at Manchester) the dangers of various kinds attendant on piracy, Mr. Anderson, ex-Chairman of the China Association at Shanghai, insisted strongly that the only policy for the maintenance of British commercial interests was to uphold the integrity of China, and to see that a progressive and reformed Government is put in power; whereas the reinstatement of the Empress Dowager and of the reactionaries who have controlled her policy would mean the prolongation of discontent and unrest, making for revolt and disintegration. The propositions are precisely those which the *Saturday Review* has upheld from the first, and which we desire to restate with greater emphasis because the opportunity of making them seem to be slipping away:

*Saturday Review*, 6th July, 1901.

**AT THE MAGISTRACY.**

**DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.**

George Henderson, of the s.s. *Clearing*, was charged with being drunk and disorderly and assaulting the complainant, Tang San, a hawker. George was wanting and his bail, \$10, was estreated.

**STEALING RUM.**

Frank Gulham, of the R.G.A., charged 3 Chinese with stealing a bottle of rum, the property of the Royal Artillery Regimental Institute. The 3rd defendant was discharged and the first and second were sent to gaol for three weeks.

**ROGUE AND VAGABOND.**

Li Chun, on the evidence of P.C. Charles Aris, was put away for fourteen days as being a chronic bad egg.

**WHOLESALE FINES.**

P.C. Edward Johnston lined up six hard cases charged with the heinous offence of boarding the *Nippon Maru* while under way. They were each fined \$5 for putting into effect the axiom "First come first served."

**A SHAM BRITisher.**

Charles Little went to buy a watch key; a silver watch case crept along the counter and secreted itself in Charles' palm; unfortunately for Charles, Chung Ut's eye was on that watch-case and Charles goes to prison for month's hard labour.

**PIRACY.**

Before Mr. Kemp this morning Lam Sui Kum and another were charged with committing an act of piracy on the high seas on the 22nd of June last. The evidence was gone into at great length, ending in both defendants being committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions.

copies of his memorandums on the above subjects.

The Chairman said he thought these memoranda were of the greatest interest and importance. They had been laid before several public bodies, and would receive considerable attention. He was particularly struck by the remarks on the collection of salt duty in India. It was evident that an enormous revenue on this article might be collected in China.

This was all the business of public interest before the meeting.

**HONGKONG WATER POLO CHALLENGE SHIELD.**

**FIXTURES.**

**Semi-Finals.**

V.R.C. "C" Team versus V.R.C. "A" Team  
On 22nd August, 1901.

R.A. 25th Co., E.D., versus Winners—R.W.F.  
(Right) and R.A. 38th Co., S.D.  
On 33rd August, 1901.

**Final.**

On 24th August, 1901.

All matches must be played at V.R.C. Kowloon and costing to be worn. Play to commence on each day at 5.45 p.m. sharp. On no account are the above matches to be postponed.

Ladies are cordially invited by the committee. Entrance fee—50 cents. Non-Members—25 cents. Soldiers, Sailors and Boys.

A. E. ALVES,  
*Hon. Secretary,*  
Hongkong, 15th August, 1901.

**THE PLAGUE.**

Number of cases reported Chinese..... 1,534 up till noon of the 15th August, 1901..... 51 Other Asiatics..... 51 Europeans..... 30

Number of cases reported Chinese..... 1 Other Asiatics o during the past 24 hours..... 0 Europeans..... 0

Total number of cases reported to date 1,516

\* One European case proved not plague. Number of deaths reported Chinese..... 1,500 up till noon of the 15th August, 1901..... 34 Other Asiatics..... 34 Europeans..... 11

Number of deaths reported Chinese..... 1 Other Asiatics o during the past 24 hours..... 0 Europeans..... 0

Total number of deaths recorded to date 1,546

Since noon on Saturday last the cases and deaths are—

Cases Chinese..... 4

" Other Asiatics..... 0

" European..... 0

Total..... 4

Deaths Chinese..... 5

" Other Asiatics..... 0

" Europeans..... 0

Total..... 5

The plague returns for last week were— Cases..... 10 Deaths..... 12

**LOSS OF A SCHOONER NEAR SINGAPORE.**

The schooner *Lady Florence*, of ten tons, bound from Singapore to Port Dickson to go into the trading business there, was blown ashore at Tanjong Jolore on the 8th inst., at 5.30 o'clock and became a total wreck. The master and owner, Mr. D. C. Wilkie of Port Dickson, and his crew, narrowly escaped with their lives, says the *Straits Times*. Mr. Wilkie, states that but for the pluck of his crew, a Malay named Montok, he would have drowned himself. He was too weak to swim the half mile through the surf, but Montok pulled him through. The party travelled overland from Perit Java to Muar where they caught the steamer *Farfalla*, which took them to this port. They arrived here at 10 o'clock on the 9th. The Captain of *Farfalla* reports that the "Sumatra" which caught the *Lady Florence* was one of the worst he ever knew, and he is at a loss to know how Mr. Wilkie saved himself and his men. Mr. Wilkie is the son of Mr. J. K. Wilkie of the Malaya States Salt Manufacturing Co., of Telok Kemang, Port Dickson.

**THE JAPANESE LABOUR TROUBLES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.**

**JAPANESE FISHERMEN MAROONED.**

(American Mail Cable.)

VANCOUVER, (B.C.), July 11th.

Striking union fishermen and Japanese who have taken their places had a pitched battle in small boats on the rough waters of the gulf today. Many shots were fired, but no combatant was killed, and sixteen Japanese fishermen were taken prisoners. As a result of the fight the union fishermen are at present practically in control of affairs.

The Japanese boats were overturned in the fight, the rifles and fishing gear of the Orientals thrown into the water and the Japanese themselves taken to one of the small islands away out in the gulf. Exactly where this island is located is a secret retained by the white fishermen, who selected it several weeks ago for just such an occasion as this. They say they will continue to maroon non-union Japanese there for the remainder of the season or until the place is discovered by the authorities.

All that is known is that the island is between here and Nanaimoo, fifty miles away, and that it is hard to find. The Japanese will be given food every few days and maintained comfortably, although closely guarded until a settlement is reached, or until their island prison is located by the authorities.

Two provincial constables were out in Japanese boats to-day and effected the arrest of six white fishermen. These are charged with molesting Japanese, and their cases will be heard to-morrow. A shot was fired from another boat at the time of the arrest, and the men in custody themselves tried to bluff the constables at the time of the arrest by firing into the air. No one was hurt by the shooting.

The Japanese held a big meeting to-day at Steveston and raised by voluntary subscriptions \$100 for a Japanese hospital, which they think may be needed, and then discussed the salmon catching situation. Some were in favour of joining the union men in the strike, especially as the run of salmon has been small this season up to date.

The meeting broke up without definite action being taken. This evening a big run of salmon is reported as coming in from the south. The canners think the union men will not stand firm in view of the temptation to participate in their catching. There is renewed talk this evening of turning out the militia.

Read letter from Mr. G. Jameson, enclosing

copies of his memorandums on the above subjects.

The Chairman said he thought these memoranda were of the greatest interest and importance. They had been laid before several public bodies, and would receive considerable attention. He was particularly struck by the remarks on the collection of salt duty in India. It was evident that an enormous revenue on this article might be collected in China.

This was all the business of public interest before the meeting.

**THE "ENVY" POISONING CASE.**

**PROBABLY SCURVY.**

This morning, says the *Straits Times* of 10th inst., Mr. Green continued the enquiry into the allegations against Wm. Brodie, the cook of the schooner *Envoy*, who is accused of administering phosphorus or some other unwholesome drug, with the intention of causing harm to Capt. Strachan, Mrs. Strachan, Wallace Strachan, Lionel Plummer, and a girl named Paupau.

Insp. Brangan conducted the case on behalf of the Crown. Mr. Van Cuylenberg appeared for the defendant, and Mr. Emerson watched the proceedings on behalf of Capt. Strachan.

Dr. Robertson gave evidence as to examining Mrs. Strachan and others on the *Envoy*.

He attributed their sickness to scurvy. He got Dr. Galloway to examine Mrs. Strachan and he (Dr. Galloway) agreed that she was suffering from scurvy.

This was all the business of public interest before the meeting.

**SHIPPING AND MAIL NEWS.**

**MAILS DUE.**

Indian (*Catherine Afcar*) 19th instant. German (*Prinz Heinrich*) 20th instant. German (*König Albert*) 20th instant. Canadian (*Empress of India*) 20th instant. American (*Peru*) 2nd instant.

The D. & Co.'s steamer *Satsuma* from New York left Singapore on the 13th inst., for Manila, Hongkong and Yokohama.

To Depart.

Per *Coromandel*, from Shanghai for London—Mr. J. Clarkson. For Bombay—Mr. Bailey and Major Melville. From Singapore—Mr. Robertson, Messrs. John C. Fielding, R.N., J. Wallis, R.N., Lt. Sydney Robinson, 9th Rgt., Sgt. Rush, wife and infants. For Marseilles—Capt. W. C. Nicolson. For Bombay—Messrs. C. H. Ehrlmann, and H. G. de Castro. For Singapore—Mr. Thomas Williamson.

Per *Paramatta*, from London for Shanghai—Mr. and Mrs. Child and a child, Mr. and Mrs. Meares. Messrs. S. Arnold Kelly, J. C. Bosustow, Col-Sergts. C. Miller, W. Kapier, Sergts. F. C. Boness, F. Crudge, C. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. D'Arcy and child, and Mrs. J. C. Bosustow. From Port Said—Sergt. S. Beckwith. From Singapore—Mr. McBain. For Yokohama—Mr. L. T. Tetley.

To Depart.

Per *Coromandel*, from Shanghai for London—Mr. J. Clarkson. For Bombay—Mr. Bailey and Major Melville. From Singapore—Mr. Robertson, Messrs. John C. Fielding, R.N., J. Wallis, R.N., Lt. Sydney Robinson, 9th Rgt., Sgt. Rush, wife and infants. For Marseilles—Capt. W. C. Nicolson. For Bombay—Messrs. C. H. Ehrlmann, and H. G. de Castro. For Singapore—Mr. Thomas Williamson.

Per *Paramatta*, from London for Shanghai—Mr. and Mrs. Child and a child, Mr. and Mrs. Meares. Messrs. S. Arnold Kelly, J. C. Bosustow, Col-Sergts. C. Miller, W. Kapier, Sergts. F. C. Boness, F. Crudge, C. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. D'Arcy and child, and Mrs. J. C. Bosustow. From Port Said—Sergt. S. Beckwith. From Singapore—Mr. McBain. For Yokohama—Mr. L. T. Tetley.

**SHIPPING REPORTS.**

Captain A. Lewin, of the steamship *China*, from Trieste and Singapore, reports—Fine weather.

Capt. W. J. Davis, of the steamship *Hainan*, from Tamsui and Amoy, reports—Left Tamsui at 10.30 p.m. on the 13th inst. had light variable winds and S.W. swell to Amoy. Left Amoy at 10.30 a.m. on the 15th had light variable winds and heavy S. swell to Lamock, thence light winds with heavy rain squalls, when nearing port had fresh N.E. winds. Vessels in Amoy:—H.M.S. *Eclipse* and *Daphne*, s.s. *Hailong*, *Hans Nenzel*, *Pechili*, *Anna*, *Heathburn*, *Hong Bee*, and *Hino Maru*.

**OLD "THREE-DECKERS."**

H.M.S. *Hedgehog* ploughed the sea into two broad bands of white foam, as she gathered weight on her journey out to the Cape of Good Hope, in days when the Boer War was undreamed of and ships like this old "three-decker" ruled the waves supreme.

Nine hundred men manned her, and prominent among them was Corporal Eccles, one of the "boys of the old brigade."

Corporal Eccles, who spins this yarn to me, is now half and hearty at 65, and he has served Her Majesty 21 years as a Royal Marine—soldier and sailor too."

"Would take me days to tell you all my experiences during the 21 years I spent on the old 'three-deckers,'" H.M.S. *Dragon*, *Camellia*, and *Rodney*, said the bluff old Corporal, shifting his quid, "but that strom off the Cape in the *Rodney* was the worst bit o' weather I ever experienced."

"Nine hundred men on board her, and 150 men disabled or wounded in the hurricane. Casks broke off from their lashings, thundering against the bulkheads until they started a plank. Sheep, caught in hills of incendiary green sea, were swept down the hatches like corks in a millrace."

"I carry a woman on my thigh to this day that was caused by a tuble hurtled against me when scrabbling into my hammock. Ay, in' lad, a sailor's life is full of adventures, and lots o' endurance. During the whole 21 years of active service I never had a day's illness. That's a pretty good record!"

"When my turn was nearly completed, I was transferred to H.M.S. *Pembroke*. She had just been taken off active service and was being fitted out for a workshop. During the alterations, as she lay at her mooring my turn on duty came, rain or snow."

"Mid-winter it was, and the weather cold and raw."

"Pacing about 'ween decks," said the Corporal, "exposed to the worst of weathers, I caught a severe cold, and I couldn't shake it off. My record was broken."

"It settled on my chest, hard and fast, making my breathing awfully bad. I couldn't walk uphill. I was too weak. You could hear me breathing, like a tug, twenty yards off. I did manage to struggle through my work, though."

"The indigestion set in. After eating, my stomach became swollen with wind, making a great pain. Several doctors tried to help me, but their medicines didn't hit the mark. I got worse and worse."

"The old *Pembroke*, now lying at Chatham, is something like the hulk I then was. My cough shook my body through and through. For months I slept propped up with pillows. After a fit of coughing, perspiration rolled off me, soaking my shirt. My body seemed on fire."

"Like the sharp stab of a cowardly knife did a long breath pain me



# THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1901.

## BY THE MAIL.

(From Home Papers.)

### Old Friends.

Mrs. Mary E. Knott writes an appreciative notice in the *Daily News* of "Mr. Little's Steamers" and of Mr. and Mrs. Arch. Little themselves. The facts given are already well known to our readers.

### The War.

In a letter to the Lord Mayor of London, acknowledging the receipt of the resolution passed at the Guildhall meeting, the Prime Minister says that the Boers are being encouraged in their "hopeless struggle" by the utterances of the party in their favour here. The Government, however, "are determined to apply their utmost efforts to prosecute the war to a final and successful issue."

### A Good Idea.

M. Cochins, French Consular Agent at Samarang, now home on leave, attends at an office in Paris from two to four daily, at the disposition of any one who wants to consult him as to trade in Java, or such matters. The idea might be taken up by some British Consuls at home—not, of course, for the whole time of their stay, which would be intolerable, but at certain specified times.

### Proposed Chinese Exhibition.

It is announced that a syndicate is in course of formation for the purpose of holding an exhibition of the industries, arts, and sciences of the Chinese Empire in London in the summer of 1902. Preliminary negotiations have been entered into for renting Olympia, Kensington, which, with its annexes, forms a most suitable place for such a purpose.

### The Nicaragua Canal.

Lord Pauncefote's announcement on the subject of the Nicaragua Canal is hopeful and reassuring. Briefly, he sees his way to an agreement which will satisfy the American President and the much exigent American Senate, while it will not compromise British interests. Probably we shall find that he has consented to the fortification of the canal by the United States, the point upon which the previous negotiations split and founders.

### The Carnegie Gift.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has signed the deed of trust placing \$10,000,000 at the disposal of those who are to administer his gift to the Universities of Scotland. A letter from the donor to this effect was read at a meeting of the Executive Committee, who at once made arrangements for setting the scheme in motion. Mr. Carnegie having promised that funds for the payment of students' fees should be made available when the next Session opens in October.

### Public Morals.

The secretary of the London Council for the Promotion of Public Morality writes that that organisation has presented to the Westminster City Council a petition signed by 8,500 residents or those employed in the municipality of Westminster, a petition pointing out the unsatisfactory moral condition of certain streets, and praying that steps should be taken to remove from the thoroughfares what was a "reproach and a danger."

### A Little Expedition.

A mixed force of British and Indian troops about 500 strong left Aden on 15th ult. for a point about 70 miles inland to destroy a fort built by Turks in the territory of the Haushudi, who are under British protection. The Porte has disowned the act, but as the Haushudi are unable to obtain possession of the fort, the Government of India has sanctioned the expedition. It is hoped that a bloodless demonstration will suffice.

### The "Deutschland."

On learning of the latest record trip of the Hamburg-American liner *Deutschland*, which accomplished her last journey from New York to Plymouth at an average speed of 33½ knots, the previous best being 23½, the German Emperor sent the following telegram of congratulation to the directors of the line from Gudvangen, Norway: "Bravo, Deutschland! An excellent performance, hitherto accomplished by no ship in the world. Honour to the builders of the oft-quoted Vulcan yard! Honour to the crew! May they both carry their glory worthily over the seas. I rejoice that the ship is called *Deutschland*."

### Rifle Clubs.

A large number of citizens of Glasgow are anxious to enrol themselves as members of rifle clubs, in accordance, it may be, with Lord Salisbury's suggestion that such organisations should be as universal as archery clubs formerly were. A deputation headed by Mr. Brodrick and Lord Roberts. They "wished to be trained to the use of the rifle" and "desired some official recognition." The Secretary for War said that the Government did not require more infantry, but artillery and mounted men; and Lord Roberts said it was not a question of numbers but of quality. The Glasgow burghers were recommended to join the Volunteer force.

### His Knowledge of China.

At Bow County Court a Plaistow stevedore obtained £50 damages for personal injuries from his employer. Young was engaged in loading a ship with old horse shoes, when one fell a distance of 30 feet on to his head. Judge French asked: What are these old horse shoes for? Counsel replied: For China. They go out as horse shoes and come back as spades to compete with our own goods. "It seems very remarkable," said the judge. Very remarkable, if it were true. The statement was, doubtless, good enough for the County Court, but it was none the less quite inaccurate. Plenty of old iron comes to China, but it is manufactured into rough and ready articles for local consumption, and no implements, of course, are exported.

### The Anti-Gambling League.

Betting in every form is very prevalent, and is becoming increasingly so, according to the secretary of the Anti-Gambling League, who gave evidence before the House of Lords Committee. He quoted the opinions of magistrates to the effect that the practice is "sapping the vitals of the nation," and that nearly every case of embezzlement is due to it. The profits of bookmakers were so large that no fines for street betting seemed to have any effect. He advises that on a second or third conviction defendants should be sent to prison. But Mr. Hawke has abandoned any hope of eradicating the gambling spirit, he merely desires to control it. He would have Parliament abolish all bookmakers.

### Boxers in London.

Some trouble among the Chinese who take part at the Earl's Court Exhibition in the military spectacle depicting the attack on the Legations has led to the discovery among their number of 17 sworn members of "the Righteous Harmony of Fists," who had actually taken part in the disturbances last year in Peking. Two of the band, named Ah Foo and Hu Wong, on being assured that they would not be punished, admitted complicity in the Boxer rebellion. Wong was in Prince Tuan's regiment in Peking when Baron von Ketteler was murdered. After this, Wong joined the Boxers, and fought with them at Patachu and elsewhere. Ah Foo is said to belong to Ping Yin, where Mr. Brooks, a missionary, was murdered in December 1899. He was an active participant in various engagements.

### Pattison's Whisky.

The trial of Walter G. Pattison and Robert P. Pattison, directors of Pattisons, Limited, whisky blenders, &c., at Leith, on charges of fraud in connection with that company, was concluded on the 17th ult. at Edinburgh. The jury occupied an hour and a half in considering their verdict. By a majority they found Robert Pattison guilty of all the four charges and Walter Pattison of two, relating to the false statements in the prospectus issued on the formation of the company and the false balance-sheet which led to the declaration of a larger dividend than had been earned. Robert Pattison then declared that his brother was innocent of these charges. The Lord Justice General sentenced Robert to 18 months' and Walter to nine months' imprisonment.

### The Royal Arms.

His Majesty King Edward VII. has signified his pleasure concerning the Royal Arms to be used during the present reign, says the *Genealogical Magazine*. There is to be no change made. His Majesty, we are informed, took into consideration the question of the Arms of Saxony, which, as Prince of Wales, he bore upon an escutcheon over the difference of Royal Arms of this country. We believe the personal inclination of the King was in favour of retaining the inescutcheon of Saxony upon his arms, but in deference to the strong representations made from official quarters (in reality the personal views of the Garter King of Arms), His Majesty relinquished his personal inclination. Wales, therefore, has lost in the little game it was playing.

### Not the Sorrows of Satan.

The *Daily Telegraph* has found a big gooseberry in "Sorrows of the Rich," which threatens to become as interesting as some of the other famous silly-season excusions of our contemporary. The substance of it is that a man with twenty thousand a year is only a sort of elegant pauper, and is really to be pitied. He has a positive difficulty in making two ends meet, considering the present standard of living and the price of everything. It is quite true that our tastes in the last couple of decades have risen to a marvellous degree, far higher than our incomes, and that such is the demand for lavish entertainment now-a-days that, to a certain extent, there is truth in the suggestion that one does not benefit from a bigger income because the rate of expenditure has more than kept pace.

### Sultry London.

Yesterday was again very hot in London, says a mail paper, and in different parts of the metropolis the temperature in the shade ranged between 84 and 88 degrees. The torrid sun softened the asphalt and made the tar in the wood-paving bubble. Restaurants ran out of ice, and scores of people fainted in the streets. The omnibus companies sent out veterinary surgeons, who stopped the horses which showed signs of exhaustion. Passengers had to dismount, and horse-ambulances came along and removed the unfortunate animals. The latest fashionable "cooler" is a "Patiala Peg," which is a small quantity of brandy in a tumbler which is then filled up with iced champagne instead of soda. Many deaths and attempted suicides due to the heat were recorded yesterday. A lady fell down in Piccadilly-circus and was two hours insensible. The hospitals treated a number of cases:

### Gambling in Belgium.

The Chamber of Deputies has definitely passed the Anti-Gambling Bill, which has now been under discussion since February last, and of which the particulars have already appeared. The recommendation of the Senate to allow a respite of two years to Ostend and Spa was thrown out, and according to the Bill as now adopted, only the "exploiteur" of games of chance—not the gambler—is punishable. The penalty varies from eight days' to six months' imprisonment, with fines of from £100 to £5,000. As the prosperity of the two towns in question, as well as that of certain others in the kingdom, is in a large measure due to the casinos, it is proposed to allocate them a subsidy that will help them to put their finances in a state of equilibrium. Such is the recommendation of the Commission of the Chamber appointed to consider the Bill, but this point has yet to be definitely dealt with by the Chamber.

### UNCLAIMED LETTERS AT THE POST OFFICE.

Letters for the following persons lie unclaimed at the Post Office:—

Atkinson A. Mullins, J. H.  
Atkinson, Miss I. Mehta, Miss S.  
Anrus, W. M.  
Aher, M.  
Alexander, M. R.  
Anderson, W. H.  
Alves, J. M. S.  
Bennet, E. F.  
Baydon, C. E.  
Beyon, C. E.  
Bowles, H.  
Budden, J.  
Barton, Miss A. C.  
Babonneau, W. C.  
Brattain, R. R.  
Bernardo, Mr. M.  
Braun  
Blievenricht, H.  
Bavard, Miss F.  
Barrett, Mr.  
Bender, H.  
Bowles, A. J.  
Bowles, Mr. & Mrs.  
J. H.  
Bracter, H.  
Burke, Rev. P. G.  
Burger, L. W.  
Branscom, Mrs. H. A.  
Babonneau, M.  
Carlton, F.  
Carrington, Miss  
Cameron, Misses  
F. & R.  
Crammer, R. B.  
Carlton, L. G.  
Carlos, A.  
Cushing, G. B.  
Calnachiole, G. N.  
Christophis, J. I.  
Cuddeback, H. P.  
Dodd, W. P.

### HIS KNOWLEDGE OF CHINA.

At Bow County Court a Plaistow stevedore obtained £50 damages for personal injuries from his employer. Young was engaged in loading a ship with old horse shoes, when one fell a distance of 30 feet on to his head. Judge French asked: What are these old horse shoes for? Counsel replied: For China. They go out as horse shoes and come back as spades to compete with our own goods. "It seems very remarkable," said the judge. Very remarkable, if it were true. The statement was, doubtless, good enough for the County Court, but it was none the less quite inaccurate. Plenty of old iron comes to China, but it is manufactured into rough and ready articles for local consumption, and no implements, of course, are exported.

### The Anti-Gambling League.

Betting in every form is very prevalent, and is becoming increasingly so, according to the secretary of the Anti-Gambling League, who gave evidence before the House of Lords Committee. He quoted the opinions of magistrates to the effect that the practice is "sapping the vitals of the nation," and that nearly every case of embezzlement is due to it. The profits of bookmakers were so large that no fines for street betting seemed to have any effect. He advises that on a second or third conviction defendants should be sent to prison. But Mr. Hawke has abandoned any hope of eradicating the gambling spirit, he merely desires to control it. He would have Parliament abolish all bookmakers.

### Boxers in London.

Some trouble among the Chinese who take part at the Earl's Court Exhibition in the military spectacle depicting the attack on the Legations has led to the discovery among their number of 17 sworn members of "the Righteous Harmony of Fists," who had actually taken part in the disturbances last year in Peking. Two of the band, named Ah Foo and Hu Wong, on being assured that they would not be punished, admitted complicity in the Boxer rebellion. Wong was in Prince Tuan's regiment in Peking when Baron von Ketteler was murdered. After this, Wong joined the Boxers, and fought with them at Patachu and elsewhere. Ah Foo is said to belong to Ping Yin, where Mr. Brooks, a missionary, was murdered in December 1899. He was an active participant in various engagements.

### Dingeldein, A.

Dero, C. L.  
Dredge, T. F.  
Doughlass, Mrs. M. E.  
Rosario, F. M.  
Raime, Miss P.  
Roussel, M.  
Roshchild, O. F.  
Reid, J. G.  
Robinson, C.  
Robins, Miss.  
Richardson, W. N.  
Samborne, Dr. F. G.  
Sawyer, N. M.  
Spayneohn, F. G. P.  
Snyder, R.  
Seattle Iron Metal Co.  
Seattle H'w're Co.  
Sig, J. R.  
Shakoor, A. C.  
Shaffer, S.  
Stemmvarte.  
Singh, C.  
Sims, W. A.  
Simpson, J.  
Silva, S. N.  
Salvo, C. d.  
Stephont, Miss G.  
Takmakkoff  
Thompson, P. H. W.  
Taylor, C.  
Thomas, L. C.  
Trick, R.  
Thomas, Mrs. J.  
Ting, Mrs.  
Tukey, H. H.  
Towlton, R.  
Valentine, A.  
Varney, Miss L. W.  
Vass, Capt.  
Williams, D.  
Waller, J.  
Watts, Mrs. F. W.  
Wallace, F.  
Walter, R.  
Warren, C. N.  
Westcott, R.  
Walker, W. B.  
Wilcox, G. A.  
Wills, A.  
Whinner, T. G.  
Weber, D. E.  
Weissmann, B.  
Walker, H. W.  
Wason, S.  
William, J.  
Young, Ed.  
Zulauf, F.

### Rennick, Mrs. F.

Robinson, C. T.  
Rouch, S. C. L.  
Rosario, F. M.  
Raime, Miss P.  
Roussel, M.  
Roshchild, O. F.  
Reid, J. G.  
Robinson, C.  
Robins, Miss.  
Richardson, W. N.  
Samborne, Dr. F. G.  
Sawyer, N. M.  
Spayneohn, F. G. P.  
Snyder, R.  
Seattle Iron Metal Co.  
Seattle H'w're Co.  
Sig, J. R.  
Shakoor, A. C.  
Shaffer, S.  
Stemmvarte.  
Singh, C.  
Sims, W. A.  
Simpson, J.  
Silva, S. N.  
Salvo, C. d.  
Stephont, Miss G.  
Takmakkoff  
Thompson, P. H. W.  
Taylor, C.  
Thomas, L. C.  
Trick, R.  
Thomas, Mrs. J.  
Ting, Mrs.  
Tukey, H. H.  
Towlton, R.  
Valentine, A.  
Varney, Miss L. W.  
Vass, Capt.  
Williams, D.  
Waller, J.  
Watts, Mrs. F. W.  
Wallace, F.  
Walter, R.  
Warren, C. N.  
Westcott, R.  
Walker, W. B.  
Wilcox, G. A.  
Wills, A.  
Whinner, T. G.  
Weber, D. E.  
Weissmann, B.  
Walker, H. W.  
Wason, S.  
William, J.  
Young, Ed.  
Zulauf, F.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, FOR ACCOUNT AND RISK OF THE CONCERNED, TO-MORROW, (SATURDAY), the 17th August, 1901, at NOON, alongside of THE DOUGLAS S.S. CO.'S WHARF, Praya Central, THE STEAM LAUNCH "TUNG FAT." Built under Foreign superintendence, is certified to be in first-class order and condition. Only a few days out of the hands of Messrs. BAILEY & MURPHY, Engineers, &c., &c., who have given her a thorough overhaul; is re-metalled, &c., &c. Suitable for towing purposes; and is fitted in European style. Length, 63 feet; Beam, 11 feet 6 inches; Depth, 6 feet 3 inches in centre. The Launch is open for inspection alongside. DOUGLAS S.S. CO.'S WHARF every day until time of sale. TERMS.—As Usual. For further particulars, apply to HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers. Hongkong, 16th August, 1901. [866c]

### Auctions.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at CITY HALL, Hongkong, TO-MORROW, the SEVENTEENTH DAY of AUGUST, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1901, declaring a Dividend and electing an Auditor. By Order of the Court of Directors, T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 16th August, 1901. [814c]

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the REGISTERS of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 3rd to the 17th day of August, (both days inclusive), during which period NO Transfer of Shares can be registered. By Order of the Court of Directors, T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 16th August, 1901. [815c]

### Intimations.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. GENTLEMEN'S (ORDINARY) At a fixed price of \$8 per month per head, or as per tariff. LADIES' and FAMILY as per tariff. ALL ARTICLES DISINFECTED. SHIRTS, COLLARS and CUFFS glossed by Machinery. California Washermen Employed. No Coolies Sleep on the Premises. Depot, 5 ICE HOUSE STREET. F. G. ALLEN, Manager. Hongkong, 6th August, 1901. [845c]

### Intimations.

G. GIRAUDET, 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. ARRIVAL of the LATEST PRESERVED AMERICAN DAINTIES. Just Opened, Call and Inspect. Best Quality. Hongkong, 25th June, 1901. [66c]

### HONGKONG STEAM LAUNDRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

WASHING! WASHING!! WASHING!!! GENTLEMEN'S (ORDINARY) At a fixed price of \$8 per month per head, or as per tariff. LADIES' and FAMILY as per tariff. ALL ARTICLES DISINFECTED. SHIRTS, COLLARS and CUFFS glossed by Machinery. California Washermen Employed. No Coolies Sleep on the Premises. Depot, 5 ICE HOUSE STREET. F. G. ALLEN, Manager. Hongkong, 6th August, 1901. [845c]

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the REGISTERS of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 3rd to the 17th day of August, (both days inclusive), during which period NO Transfer of Shares can be registered. By Order of the Court of Directors, T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 16th August, 1901. [815c]

### WANTED at QUARRY BAY, EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN FOREMEN and OVERSEERS.

Applications should be made in writing to the Undersigned accompanied by copies of Testimonials. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Hongkong, 14th August, 1901. [874c]

### WANTED.

A NERGETIC MAN for HARBOUR WORK. Apply by Letter only to THE FUMIGATING AND DISINFECTION BUREAU, 41, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong, 15th August, 1901. [878c]

### WANTED.

